Anti-Racist Allies and Accomplices in Connecticut History: Graphic Organizer

Directions: As you read the four sources, complete the organizer below. For each source, identify evidence that demonstrates Orrin and Jerusha Robinson and Prudence Crandall as allies and accomplices in the fight for racial equity. Then, write a claim that argues whether the Robinsons and Crandall should be remembered as allies or accomplices.

Definitions				

Orrin and Jerusha Robinson					
Source: Lloyd E. Baldwin, April 1, 1896		Source: "Orrin and Jerusha Robinson and			
		the Methodist Melee on Main Street"			
Ally	Accomplice	Ally	Accomplice		

	Prudence	e Crandall	
Source: <u>Advertisement and Notice</u> <u>Regarding the Opening of a "High School</u> <u>for Young Colored Ladies and Misses,"</u> <u>The Liberator (March 2, 1833)</u>		Source: Prudence Crandall, "Letter to Simeon Jocelyn (April 17, 1833)," published in "Abolition Letters Collected by Captain Arthur B. Spingarn," Journal of	
		Negro History, vol. XVIII, 1933, p. 82-84.	
Ally	Accomplice	Ally	Accomplice

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